

# Samba 4.5 in CentOS 6.8 as Secondary DC with Microsoft Active Directory 2012R2

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Hi guys ,

This time we are going to discuss about Samba and Windows AD . We can easily integrate Windows AD to Linux using samba packages . Lets start .

Some Notes :

1 . [https://bugzilla.samba.org/show\\_bug.cgi?id=10265](https://bugzilla.samba.org/show_bug.cgi?id=10265)

It's necessary to manually lower the domain and forest functional levels on the Windows 2012 server first, via Powershell:

```
Set-ADForestMode -Identity "mydom.local" -ForestMode  
Windows2008R2Forest
```

```
Set-ADDomainMode -Identity "mydom.local" -DomainMode  
Windows2008R2Domain
```

2. Need a fresh installed minimal CentOS 6.x OS . Disable SELinux and firewall . Update software packages .

**Please check above notes and do as it is . Lets start ,**

Primary AD ( Microsoft ) : 192.168.1.10 / ad.example.com

Secondary DC ( CentOS ) : 192.168.1.11 / ldap.example.com

Login to Linux server ,

```
# cat /etc/resolv.conf  
search example.com  
nameserver 192.168.1.10  
nameserver 192.168.1.11  
  
# yum groupinstall "development tools" -y  
  
# yum install python-devel libgnutls-dev gnutls-devel libacl1-dev libacl-  
devel libldap2-dev openldap-devel wget gcc gcc-c++ krb5-server krb5-  
workstation -y
```

```
# wget https://download.samba.org/pub/samba/stable/samba-4.5.0.tar.gz
# tar -xvzf samba-4.5.0.tar.gz

# cd samba-4.5.0

# ./configure

# make

# make install
```

Now we successfully compiled Samba source package . We need to remove default samba configuration first then remount file system ( Some times AD join will popup an ACL error ).

```
# rm -rf /usr/local/samba/etc/smb.conf
# mount -o remount,acl,user_xattr /dev/mapper/vg_ldap-lv_root
```

Now we are ready to add our Linux machine to Windows AD .

```
# /usr/local/samba/bin/samba-tool domain join example.com DC -
Uadministrator --realm=example.com
```

Now we successfully added our linux system to Active directory as a Secondary DC . But we need to configure some more settings . Lets check authentication .

Before that check both systems time (NTP) . If its not same authentication will get error .

```
# yum install ntp -y
# service ntpd start
# chkconfig ntpd on
```

Add Our primary DC as NTP server .

```
# vi /etc/ntp.conf
server ad.example.com iburst
# service ntpd restart
```

Now we need to change Kerberos configuration file .

```
# rm -rf /etc/krb5.conf
# cp -vr /usr/local/samba/private/krb5.conf /etc/krb5.conf
# kinit administrator@EXAMPLE.COM
# klist
```

For successful AD replication we need to Add A record and CNAME record in Microsoft AD .

```
# /usr/local/samba/bin/ldbsearch -H /usr/local/samba/private/sam.ldb
'(invocationid=*)' -cross-ncs objectguid

# record 1
dn: CN=NTDS Settings,CN=LDAP,CN=Servers,CN=Default-First-Site-
Name,CN=Sites,CN=Configuration,DC=example,DC=com
objectGUID: 640bcd46-cbc3-4451-8d82-cb37a255cbe1

# record 2
dn: CN=NTDS Settings,CN=AD,CN=Servers,CN=Default-First-Site-
Name,CN=Sites,CN=Configuration,DC=example,DC=com
objectGUID: 89f017ee-dacf-4d51-a19b-fe54da97a79a
```

Copy that ObjectGUID and goto **Microsoft Active directory** .

First create A record for ldap.example.com .

Then goto Forward Lookup Zone > \_msdcs.example.com .

Create a CNAME here with our host objectGUID . In my case it is like below ,

[640bcd46-cbc3-4451-8d82-cb37a255cbe1](#) Alias(CNAME) ldap.example.com

Now authentication is working fine .Now we need to start DC replication . Every user created by master or slave need to replicated .

```
# /usr/local/samba/sbin/samba

# /usr/local/samba/bin/samba-tool drs showrepl

Default-First-Site-Name\LDAP
DSA Options: 0x00000001
DSA object GUID: 640bcd46-cbc3-4451-8d82-cb37a255cbe1
DSA invocationId: 4c115875-28b5-4c91-bcf0-66f4d74d935b

==== INBOUND NEIGHBORS ====

DC=DomainDnsZones,DC=example,DC=com
Default-First-Site-Name\AD01 via RPC
DSA object GUID: 89f017ee-dacf-4d51-a19b-fe54da97a79a
Last attempt @ Tue Oct 11 03:13:07 2016 EDT was successful
0 consecutive failure(s).
Last success @ Tue Oct 11 03:13:07 2016 EDT
```

Now we can see that replication is working fine . Lets check now ,

List all AD users.

```
# /usr/local/samba/bin/samba-tool user list
```

Create new user in Active directory and check again . If its showing all is good. Your secondary server is ready to go .

List all member computers .

```
# /usr/local/samba/bin/pdbedit -L -w | grep '[[WI]'
```

This setup is very useful if you have single windows license and you need Active Directory replica . This is for you .

Enjoy .

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